

That is a great gathering of physicians which met in Washington City on Monday last. There were representatives from several foreign countries, and some of the ablest and most talented Doctors in the world were present. It is hoped that great good to the human race will result from the consultation.

Several papers are abusing the city authorities of Richmond, Va., because they refused to appropriate \$15,000 to erect a monument in that city. The monument business has become almost a nuisance, and it would be better for individuals to build them than to ask States and cities to take the people's money for that purpose. The poor widows and orphans of Confederate soldiers need the money for stomach purposes more than for monuments.

Gov. JARVIS.—We regret to learn that the health of Hon. Thos. J. Jarvis, Minister to Brazil, is not yet very good. The climate of Brazil does not suit him. He has already had one very severe case of malarial fever.

There is talk in Washington about the Civil Service Commission and President Cleveland interfering with the rights of officeholders to attend political conventions and meetings. An officer in the U. S. Mint at Philadelphia attended the recent Democratic State Convention of Pennsylvania, and participated in the proceedings, and they now talk of arresting him for so doing. Don't you see the humbuggery of the Civil Service concern.

Mr. H. A. Jones, of 280 Broadway, N. Y., called to see us yesterday and informed us that he was looking out for an opportunity of planting a colony of Welsh and for the investment of capital. In company with M. Lockwood of the N. Y. Graphic, he visited Trenton and went over the Quaker bridge road to Onslow.—Newbern Journal.

We see a good many notices of that sort in various parts of the State. Without meaning any insinuations against "Mr. Jones" or any other individual, we will say now that we have but little faith in such schemes.

A man named Mervin, who ran away from Glen's Falls, New York, with \$6,000 belonging to the National Express Company, was arrested at Henderson, N. C., by detectives. By writ of habeas corpus he was carried before Associate Justice Merrimon at Raleigh, for release. The Superintendent of the Express Company appeared and identified Mervin as the thief, and he was returned to New York on a requisition from the Governor of that State. Mervin was the Agent of the Company at Glen's Falls, and after getting possession of the money eloped with another man's wife.

The Physicians of Gaston county, at Dallas, on the 5th inst., organized a Medical Association, and re-elected Dr. E. B. Holland Supt. of Board of Health.

As chairman of the executive State committee of the George organization Rev. Dr. McGlynn has definitely entered the arena of partisan convention and machine management. He will of course expect to be treated with the same degree of consideration and respect that is given to other political managers, and no more. By many minds the selection will be taken to imply the identification of the Syracuse ticket with hostility to the authorities of the Catholic Church. This circumstance can not fail to be taken into account by voters of the Roman Catholic community who last year supported Henry George. Others will wait with curiosity the results of the quick transformation from pastor to politician.—N. Y. Star.

Such preachers as McGlynn never did deserve much respect. He merely wanted to make a little notoriety, and therefore connected himself with a fanatical, communistic element, so that he might be expelled from the Catholic Church. He has got to his level and the least said about him the better. McGlynn is one of the preachers we generally designate as "Jack-legs."

We are always willing to publish notices of neighborhood gatherings, if sent to us at an early day, but we cannot afford space for such matters a week or two after they occur, and after other papers have already published full accounts.

The packet of DEMOCRATS for Pioneer Mills has not been arriving regularly at that Office. They are mailed at the exact time from this office, and we hope Mail Agents will ferret out the difficulty and remedy it.

#### New Advertisements.

Mortgage Sale of city property.—John S. Wiley, mortgagee of A. Berryhill.  
Notice of Articles of Incorporation of the "Piedmont Milling Company" in Charlotte.  
Notice to Debtors.—James P. Johnston, College street.  
The Eating House or Restaurant of W. B. Taylor, near the Court House.  
Execution Sale of J. M. Grier's property.—T. S. Cooper, Sheriff.  
Mortgage Sale.—J. M. Davis, Mortgagee of J. S. Cooper and wife.  
Executor's Notice.—Arch'd Graham, Ex'r. of Asa George.  
Jersey Bulls for sale (recorded Pedigrees).—J. M. Davis, Charlotte.  
Administrator's Notice.—Hugh W. Harris, Adm'r. of Wilson Wallace.  
Court Order.—John H. Davis and Frank T. Davis against James R. Davis and Thos. Davis.  
Assignee's Notice.—H. A. Deal, Assignee of Charles R. Jones.  
Ayer & Co.'s Medicines for sale by all Drug-gists.

**MECKLENBURG SUPERIOR COURT.**—On Thursday of last week the case of M. P. Pegram against the Western Union Telegraph Company was tried. The Telegraph Company was charged with neglect in transmitting a message sent by Mr. Pegram on some business matters. A verdict for sixty-two cents was rendered in favor of Mr. Pegram (the cost of the message, besides Court costs,) as a former Jury had given. There has been one appeal to the Supreme Court and there may be another.

The suit of L. J. Kirk against the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company, for \$10,000 damages, was removed to the U. S. District Court, the Company asserting that it could not get justice before Superior Court Juries.

On Monday of this week, the suit of Hammond & Justice, hardware-dealers, against Schiff Brothers, for damages caused by the defendants throwing down their store-house by undermining the walls (the building being owned by Dr. McAden) was ended by a verdict in favor of Hammond & Justice for \$9,000. The case occupied nearly three days. Hammond & Justice were represented by Judge Schenck, Hon. Charles Price and W. W. Flemming, Esq.; and Schiff Bros. by Jones & Tillet, Osborne & Maxwell, Geo. F. Bason and F. H. Busbee, Esq.

The old case of J. J. Sims and H. G. Springs against Gray Toole and John Schenck, was again up for trial on Monday, but the plaintiffs were non-suited and will have to try again.

On Wednesday, the case of Philor of Union county, against the late Sheriff M. E. Alexander of this county, was begun, but not ended up to the time of our going to press on Thursday.

**FREIGHT DISCRIMINATIONS.**—It is very probable that the freight discriminations against Charlotte will be brought to the attention of the Interstate Commerce Commission, with the view of securing more uniform rates and from Charlotte. One of the most prominent cotton men of the city last night told a Chronicle reporter that unless something is done in this direction, Charlotte's railroad cotton trade would continue dwindling down until it would amount to almost nothing. "I am in favor," he said, "of taking the bull by the horns. We have submitted to these discriminations long enough, and it has become apparent that as long as we submit, we will get no relief. I would like to see our business men unite in an effort to secure better rates, and I am sure if they would pull together, the desired end could be accomplished." This buyer further expressed his intention to have the facts of discrimination presented before the Commission, and see what can be done in that direction.—Charlotte Chronicle.

That's exactly the right course to pursue, and about the first thing that ought to be done is to ask for the dismissal of Sol. Hase, the General Freight Agent, who once declared that he did not intend to show Charlotte any favors. Charlotte does not ask any particular favors, but she does demand fair treatment, and she is entitled to as just treatment as Atlanta, Augusta, Columbia, &c., gets. Charlotte and Mecklenburg county has over \$360,000 invested as public subscriptions in Railroads running into Charlotte, and she is entitled to as fair treatment from them as they give to cities and towns that never contributed a cent towards their building.

Charlotte has nothing better scarcely than a dog-kennel for a Passenger Depot, and has been treated in that way for a number of years. It is about time that forbearance ceased to be a virtue.

While on the subject, we suggest that Charlotte cotton-buyers might do a good deal towards inducing cotton to come here for market.

It is Mr. Julian S. Carr of Durham, who will build the great assembly-room for the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly at Morehead, to be used in the annual meetings of that body. It is another instance of Mr. Carr's liberality.—Exchange.

[Friend Carr has plenty money and he is liberal with it—he's a good man.]

**A GOOD REPLY.**—Some toddlers in New York wanted Mrs. Cleveland, the President's wife, to present flags to the Fire Department of New York city. With true womanly instinct, Mrs. Cleveland gives the book-lodgers and toddlers the following reply:

**EXECUTIVE MANSION,**  
Washington, Sept. 5, 1887.  
To Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, Mayor of New York, and others:

Gentlemen:—I have received your pleasing note, requesting me on behalf of the donors of certain flags to be presented to the New York Fire Department as well as in behalf of the citizens of New York general and the executive and legislative branches of the city government, to deliver the colors mentioned to the Department on such day in September as shall suit my convenience. It would certainly afford me pleasure to contribute in any degree to the significance of this occasion and to the satisfaction of the brave and gallant men, whose services are thus to be recognized. I hope, however, that I shall not be misunderstood when I base my decision of your kind invitation upon my unwillingness to assume that I, as the wife of the President, ought to participate so prominently in a public ceremony in which he has no part.

Yours, very truly,  
FRANCES FOLSOM CLEVELAND.

That is a pretty good rebuke to the fellows who are trying to put women on public platforms to show their feet.

Hon. Jefferson Davis is going to visit the Georgia State Fair at Macon on the 26th Oct. Look out for more fuss.

A National Bank is to be established at Durham the 1st of October. Already \$100,000 to its capital stock has been subscribed, which is half the amount desired.

**CHOLERA.**—The spread of cholera in Italy is of importance enough to justify special reference. It has appeared at several places, Rome included, almost simultaneously, and it will no doubt extend in other directions. This is the third year since it made its appearance on the Continent of Europe, and it is only a question of years or months when it will enter England and cross the ocean to American shores.

Old Gen. Ben Butler of Massachusetts, says that he hopes the time may come when the surplus money in the Treasury will be used for pensioning Confederate soldiers, after all the Union soldiers are provided for. The old fellow knows there will be nothing left after that. Might as well expect payment for the negroes as for Confederate soldiers to get anything from the U. S. Treasury. Some of our Northern friends hold out a pension prospect for Confederates to induce Southern acquisition in plundering the Treasury for the dead-head Unionists.

A negro man, who killed another negro, tried to move his case from Guilford county last week to another county, by falsely swearing that he could not get justice in Guilford. Judge Shepherd refused to remove the case. Such false swearing by murderers and thieves should not be countenanced by any Judge, and we commend Judge Shepherd for his decision.

A Washington correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger speaks of an important matter as follows:

"Senator Butler, of S. C., has been in the city a few days. He intends to introduce an amendment at the next session of the Congress to the Interstate Commerce Act, the object of which will be to secure greater safety of life, limb and property, on railway lines operating between two or more States, by having that the Constitution gives the requisite power, and that the numerous terrible accidents abundantly testify to the necessity for the exertion at this time of the power. The feeling here and throughout the country is certainly profound as well as acute, and if it be established to the satisfaction of the public that the proposition is constitutional, there will be no general objection to its enactment. The idea is to prevent the railroad companies from over-working their employees. To this cause many of the so-called accidents have been traced."

The collections of internal revenue for July last were \$10,097,879, being \$301,411 more than the receipts during the same month of last year. There was a decrease of \$1,754,940 in the collection on spirits; an increase of \$12,700 on tobacco; \$204,727 on fermented liquors; and a decrease of \$3,296 on miscellaneous objects. The receipts from oleomargarine (pretty fair butter) were \$25,818.—Washington Letter.

That's the way the people are taxed on the necessities and necessities of life!!! Let us have reform.

**WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.**—The testimony in the contested election case of George H. Thobe against John G. Carlisle, (Speaker of the House) sixth Congressional District of Kentucky, was opened today by the Clerk of the House and ordered printed. Mr. Carlisle appeared in his own behalf, and Gen. J. Hale Sypher, ex-member from Louisiana, appeared as counsel for Thobe. The sealed package contained notice of the contest, the answer and depositions on the part of Thobe. Mr. Carlisle offered no testimony.

What a ridiculous farce such contests are. Who supposes that the House of Representatives would unseat their speaker? Such an act would break the heart of the Sam Randall haters.

The Democrats of Pennsylvania fixed up a compromise tariff plank which fits very well in the platform. It will be a difficult matter to fix a national platform on the tariff and internal revenue questions upon which all Democrats can stand. A large majority of the Democrats of North Carolina are in favor of repealing the internal revenue laws and there is a good smart sprinkling of Sam Randall tariff men among them. They will have to stand on one corner of the national platform and go for the nominee regardless of where they are standing; and the same may be said of the Republicans.—Newbern Journal.

[Extremists and too-smarts must not be countenanced anywhere. Brethren must meet together in unity, you understand.]

#### The Educated and Uneducated

The Biblical Recorder of Raleigh, gives us a story of suffering and death which occurred in that city a short time since. It was that of a driver of one of the street cars, which position he filled through sunshine and rain, night and day, and cold and hot, making regular trips from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m., which exacting task often kept him from his meals and never permitted him to attend divine services on the Sabbath. These hardships he endured and suffered for the purpose of earning a support for his devoted wife and children. But the meagre salary which he was paid forced him to rent a cheap house in an unhealthy part of the city where his young child died; the oldest son followed, then the mother and lastly the father, crushed in spirit and worn out with fatigue by trying to do more than any human being ought to do, crossed over the river to join those who had gone before.

The Recorder draws a lesson from this man's life to the effect that if he had been an educated man he could have secured a better position, and the story of his life would have been less sad. But the Goldboro Argus draws a more practical lesson, that is, that the education that does not learn men justice, equity and sympathy, is a fraud and a sham. Men who will demand of their employees sixteen hours a day through cold, heat, wet and dry, night, day and Sabbath, are not properly educated, but are near kin to the brute. The railroad corporations of the country are becoming so exacting and overbearing in this matter that a law is thought necessary to restrain them. Many uneducated men, as did this street car driver, stick to their work, yielding without grumbling to whatever demands their educated employers see fit to make, while some educated men, with capital, seek to force their employers to do as they see fit, and are made of that flesh which demands rest and recreation. These words of the Argus are literally true: "Lazarus and Dives still live side by side despite of our boasted civilization and higher education."—Newbern Journal.

[The Recorder, Argus and Journal, are all right to some extent. The owners and managers of Railways of all sorts, and Factories that declare 20 and 30 per cent dividend on over-worked employees, are to blame, no matter how much they give to foreign missionaries. But it should be remembered that education will do no one any good unless he engages in active hard work. Education does not relieve any one from hard work of some sort, if he is able to do it.]

#### County Matters.

The Mecklenburg County Commissioners held their regular monthly meeting on Monday and Tuesday last.

The first day was occupied mainly with auditing claims against the county. The total amount of claims for August is about \$2,000, more than usual in consequence of additions being made to the Poor House, &c. The most prominent bills ordered paid were \$77.25 for Jail fees for August; \$268.39 half fees in Criminal Court cases at August term; \$540 for brick used in buildings at Poor House. The amount of work ordered to be done at the Poor House will cost about \$2,000.

It was ordered that J. W. Broom be allowed to peddle in the county, free of tax, in consequence of poverty and infirmity.

The County Treasurer was ordered to credit the Road Fund of Huntersville township with \$66.36 from the Road taxes collected for 1886, and that the same be charged to the Road Fund of Dewese township.

W. W. Alexander, E. M. Matthews and J. W. Reid were appointed to examine the bridge across McAlpine's Creek on the Monroe Road, and have the necessary repairs made.

At a joint meeting of the Commissioners with the Board of Aldermen, Mr. W. S. Mallory was re-elected Cotton Weigher, John G. Witherspoon Assistant, and J. S. Withers Inspector.

On Tuesday, Sheriff Thomas S. Cooper filed two bonds, one for the collection and faithful paying over of the State tax for the year 1887, and one for the county tax. His State tax bond is in the sum of \$40,000, and is secured by Messrs R. Y. McAden, R. Barringer, and David W. Oates. The county tax bond is for \$50,000, and is secured by Messrs J. J. Sims, C. Dowd, R. B. Cochrane, H. D. Smith, L. R. Wriston, J. N. Patterson, J. A. Elliott, R. E. Young, W. F. Snider, Oswald Alexander, A. B. Bailey, E. M. Andrews, Nat Gray and F. W. Ahrens. The bonds were approved, and the tax books for 1887 were turned over to the Sheriff.

Mr. W. S. Mallory, who was re-elected Cotton Weigher, tendered his official bond in the sum of \$10,000, with Messrs E. J. Heath and J. W. Miller, as sureties. Mr. J. G. Witherspoon, Assistant Weigher, tendered his bond in the sum of \$1,000, with R. S. Witherspoon and H. H. Orr as sureties. Mr. J. S. Withers, Inspector, tendered his bond in the sum of \$1,000, with H. H. Orr and C. A. Withers as sureties. All the bonds were approved, and the officers took the oath of office as prescribed by law.

Mr. S. W. Alexander was re-elected superintendent of the county poor house for the term of two years, at a salary of \$250 per year. He is required to furnish two good horses for use at the poor house farm, but he gets board for himself and family.

The Board ordered that the petition presented by the citizens of Steel Creek township, asking that a bridge be built over Polk's Creek, near H. A. Walker's, be referred to the Trustees of Steel Creek township, and that they report their action to the next meeting of the Board.

Messrs John McGee, W. S. Stewart and J. K. Frazier were appointed a committee to repair the bridge across Grimes' Creek, near Stewart's mill, on the Rozzell Ferry road.

#### A bad Decision.

The decision of the U. S. Circuit Court at San Francisco against the right of Congress to authorize an appeal to the courts to compel the production of books and the testimony of unwilling witnesses before the Pacific Railroad Commission, has been upheld by the Supreme Court. It is no more than reasonable to suppose that if the Pacific Railroad Commission cannot be authorized to invoke the courts to compel testimony, the Interstate Commerce Commission cannot. Yet that power to compel the production of books and obtain from the private repositories of railway information the evidence as to secret railway discriminations was the one point in which the enforcement of this law was expected to prove superior to the dead-letter effect of the common law.

It thus appears that this decision strikes not only at the Pacific Railway investigation, but at the effectiveness of the Interstate Commerce law; and that is just about what to be expected from a court presided over by Mr. Justice Field and other judicial nominees of the Central Pacific ring.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

On the same subject an exchange says: "Justice Field is being severely criticised for his decision in the case of the Pacific Railroad Commission against Leland Stanford, a U. S. Senator. The chairman of the Commission asked Stanford if he had given any money to certain of his agents who were named to be used in the investigation. This question Stanford declined to answer. Justice Field decided that he had a right to decline and indulge in this lofty strain: 'This case will stand for all time as a bulwark against an invasion of the rights of a citizen to protection in his private affairs against the unlimited scrutiny of invasion by a Congressional committee.'"

**THE NEW RAILROAD OFFICE.**—Col. W. A. Turk has established himself, with his clerical force, in his new offices in this city. For more than a year past, he has been in Asheville as General Freight Agent of the Western North Carolina Railroad, and has just been transferred here as Division Freight and Passenger Agent of the North Carolina division of the Richmond & Danville railroad system. The Asheville Citizen contains a letter of greeting to the new office and tells of the removal of the agents of friends from Asheville. He is well known in this city and there is a general and cordial welcome for him in his return to it. His assistants are Mr. T. A. Montgomery and Mr. Henry W. Miller of this city, and Mr. W. C. Munson, formerly of Wilmington.—Raleigh Observer.

A meeting of the State Board of Education was held in the State Executive Department at Raleigh on Tuesday. It was decided by the Board to move the colored Normal school now at Newbern to Goldsboro.

[Newbern ought to be gratified to get clear of an Institution of that sort.]

#### Local Items.

**Cotton-sellers** should understand that no Cotton-buyer has a right to deduct anything on account of the weight of a bale. If a bale weighs less than three hundred pounds, it can be rejected, or a purchaser refuse to buy it, because it is considered in New York not merchantable. In that case the farmer can take his light bale back home and make it heavier, or have an agreement with the buyer before the sale is made; but no one has a right to deduct a nut on a nut. The new rule of the New York Cotton Exchange.

We hope there will be no misunderstanding in this market about the matter.

While on the subject of buying Cotton in Charlotte, we do not hesitate to say that buyers might inaugurate some reforms that would greatly help our market and bring in more Cotton. There should be a mutual co-operation between the buyer and seller, and a willingness to do the best they can for each other. We wish and want success and prosperity to both parties, it is the main reason for our utterances.

The reader will find several important notices in our advertising columns to-day.

Bishop Key, of the Methodist Church, South, preached two excellent sermons in this city on Sunday last at 11 A. M. in Tryon street Church, and at 8 P. M. in Church street Church. The Bishop is an earnest, vigorous orator, and reminds one of the accounts given of the best Methodist preachers of old times.

See the notice of Articles of Incorporation of the "Piedmont Milling Company" of Charlotte. We are pleased to note the establishment of such enterprises.

The talk about building a new Court House for this county is all humbuggery and humors. It is a matter for the Magistrates, in regular annual meeting to consider, then a vote of the people would have to be taken, and authority granted by the Legislature to levy a special tax would be necessary, &c., &c. The present Court House is a good one, and better than nine-tenths in the State. The proposition, if one has been made, will not be endorsed by the taxpayers of Mecklenburg until they have a little more money in hand and to spare.

Iron Boxes are being put up over the city for the deposit of letters to be mailed. The Carriers will open the Boxes three daily, and carry to the Post Office such matter as they may find.

Capt. J. M. Davis, of this vicinity, exhibited a very fine Jersey Bull (Recorded Pedigree) on the streets on Wednesday. He is three years old, and is an elegant specimen. Capt. Davis offers that and another fine animal for sale. See his advertisement.

Most of the thieves and burglars, and men who jump board bills, in this section, and who are wanted for such violations of law, seem to have been "book agents" or "agents" for something not much wanted by the public. Two "Agents" recently fooled Mrs. Dodge and Mrs. Bradshaw out of board bills by skipping the city. It is a wonder that they did not do some burglary work before they left.

Only 19 deaths in Charlotte during the month of August, 14 of which were colored people. That is a pretty good showing for a population of 10,000, and during one of the worst months of the year.

The re-election of Mr. W. S. Mallory as Cotton-weigher in this city, is a deserved compliment to a faithful officer.

Some crime, in reading, studying, hunting, fishing, ball playing, yachting and other employments not particularly beneficial to others. He is a type of the class of boys who care for no one but themselves. When he has finished his school, he will do to keep servants to attend to the household drudgery, and whose

Near Newell's station on the N. C. Railroad, an unfortunate affair occurred on Tuesday night last. Robt. Grier, a colored man, was arrested on charges of burglarizing the house of Anne Harrison, another colored man. Grier was committed to jail by Squire W. J. Taylor and Messrs M. H. Jordan and J. Baxter Grier were deputized to take the thief to jail. After getting him to the jail door in this city, the prisoner escaped and ran away. The officers (Jordan and Grier) returned to the country and waylaid the residence of the thief's father. Pretty soon, Robt. Grier, the prisoner, returned, and as soon as he saw the officers, again ran off. On falling to halt, when ordered, the officers shot and killed him. Messrs Jordan and Grier, who did the shooting, have been bound over to Mecklenburg Criminal Court.

In regard to the injuries of Mr. Egbert Hart, in Baltimore, reported in this city this week, an exchange has this account: "Mr. E. R. Hart, of Charlotte, was seriously assaulted by a colored waiter at the Eutaw House in Baltimore, on the 27th inst. The waiter struck him with a bottle of sauce and fractured his skull, mashing in a piece about the size of a half a dollar so that it pressed upon the brain. Mr. Hart's recovery is doubtful."

Mr. E. R. Hart is a son of Mr. James Hart of this city, and is one of the gentlest and most quiet young men of the country, respected and beloved by all who know him. His friends here are surprised that he got into any sort of difficulty. We are pleased to learn that the prospects for Mr. Hart's recovery are good.

The Baltimore American of Tuesday gives the following account of the unfortunate affair: "There was an angry crowd of drummers and young business-men around the Eutaw House last night. All were discussing an attack made upon one of the guests by a waiter in the hotel. Mr. Hart is the name of the young man. He is a drummer for the wholesale drug house of Boykin, Carmer & Co., north Liberty street. Yesterday afternoon he was seated at the table dining. When he had finished his dinner, waiter placed his water placed before him. He started to help himself, when Ben Madden, a waiter at another table, came up and asked if he had finished with the drink. Mr. Hart said he had not, and reached out for it. The waiter said he wanted it, and put out his hand to take the fruit drink. Hart laid his hand on it, but the waiter was too quick for him, and snatched it from him and started across the room. This made Hart angry. Seizing a bottle of Worcester sauce he chased the waiter, and the waiter ran. He then picked up a water-bottle and fired it at him. This struck him. Madden passed on till he reached his table, where he put down the fruit drink. Then he went out of the dining-room, in a few minutes returned. Walking up to Hart, he suddenly struck him in the head over the temple. Hart dropped in his chair. Then Madden made for the servants' entrance to the dining-room, followed by all the men who had witnessed the assault. In ten seconds after Hart had been struck the dining-room was emptied. Every one of the guests had made for his room and Dr. Charles W. Filler was sent for. He found that Hart's skull was crushed above the left temple. Dr. C. W. Filler called Dr. Tiffany in consultation, and together they removed several pieces of bone from his head."

In the next campaign, it would seem, so far as the Republicans can control it, the negro is to be the issue. The negro invites it, and for one the South-erner is in favor of obliging him and not obliging him, but conclusively showing him that when men are equal and will control this country from Edgecombe county up.—Pittsburg Southerner.

#### Raleigh Items.

From the Raleigh Correspondent of the Richmond Dispatch:  
Col. A. B. Andrews of this city, so well known as one of the most energetic railway men in the South, is prominently spoken of as a candidate for Governor. The Republicans frankly confess that if he is nominated they will have up-hill work to defeat him, and that they would be doubtful of success.

The fact that North Carolina teachers are in demand outside of the State is a high compliment to their skill and ability. Many have been tendered good positions in the past few weeks in Virginia, Georgia, South Carolina and Tennessee.

Gov. Seales will, it is understood, go to Philadelphia in the private car of Col. A. B. Andrews. Besides the Adjutant-General and two Aides (Col. Leach and Fries) who were announced to accompany him, the Governor's staff will be further represented by Judge-Advocate-General Geo. H. Brown of Washington, and Assistant-Adjutant-General James G. Martin of Asheville.

#### MARRIED.

In this city, by Rev. J. Y. Fair, at the residence of Mrs. Eldred Griffith, on the 6th inst, Mr. Joseph J. Bowen of Laurens, S. C., and Miss Wilma K. Rawlinson of Yorkville, S. C.

In Raleigh, on the 6th inst., Mr. Wm. T. McGee and Miss Louisa Hawkins, daughter of Dr. Wm. J. Hawkins.

In Raleigh, at the residence of Mrs. Arrington, Mr. Wm. Culpepper of Hendersonville, and Miss Mary Bryan of Gaston county, near Stanley Creek, on the 31st ult., by Rev. R. Z. Johnston, Mr. L. E. Finger and Miss Sallie A. Derr, daughter of Mr. John H. Derr.

In Statesville, on the 1st inst., Mr. Clarence Boshamer and Miss Carrie Barkley.

Mr. Jonas Costner and Miss Carrie Wilson, of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, were married in Raleigh on the 1st ult.

In Raleigh, on the 6th inst., by Rev. W. C. Norman, Mr. Allen Pace of Raleigh, and Miss Annie A. Glenn, daughter of V. E. Glenn.

In York county, S. C., Ebenezer township, on the 23d ult., Mr. B. T. Brumby of Mecklenburg county, N. C., and Mrs. M. O. Miller.

#### DIED.

In this county, on the 15th ult., at her home with her Wallace cousins, Miss Sarah Jane Johnson, daughter of the late John H. Johnson, aged 43 years.

In Asheville, on the 4th inst., Mrs. Minnie Blair, aged 24 years, wife of Mr. Frank Blair, and daughter of Mr. Josiah Asbury of Charlotte.

In Lincoln county, no better bred Bull in the State, aged 30 years and 6 months. He was the son of Mr. John Kilham, deceased.

#### NOTICE

Of Incorporation of the "Piedmont Milling Company,"  
NORTH CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY, Superior Court.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of Section 689 of The Code, that a Certificate and Letters in Incorporation of this day been issued to the "Piedmont Milling Company" under Articles of Agreement and Application of

D. A. Tompkins, R. M. Miller, Sr., R. M. Miller, Jr., W. F. Liddell, J. W. Miller, W. F. Liddell, E. F. Young.

Setting forth:  
1. The corporate name above stated.  
2. That the business of the said corporation is that of buying and selling Grain and Cotton Seed, and products of these articles, and the Manufacturing of Grain and Cotton Seed into products for the market, with its place of business located at Charlotte, N. C.

3. The said corporation to exist for 30 years.  
4. The subscribers to its Capital Stock being the parties whose names are above set forth.  
5. Capital Stock \$10,000, divided into 100 Shares at the par value of \$100.

J. M. MORROW,  
Clerk of the Superior Court.  
Im  
Sept. 9, 1887.

#### Jersey Bulls for Sale.

ZEB VANCE, registered in American Jersey Cattle Club No. 11,862. Also, a fine animal, 16 months old, no better bred Bull in the State, entitled to registration in A. J. C. C. For further particulars or pedigree, apply to the undersigned or to C. C. Moore at T. L. Seigle's Store and Meetings at Charlotte, N. C.  
Sept. 9, 1887. 4w  
Charlotte, N. C.

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Eating House (Restaurant),  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Is now prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day.  
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